

The Times-Dispatch has more news, and is better equipped to furnish the news than any other paper in the South Atlantic seaboard States.

THE TIMES-DISPATCH FOUNDED 1884.
THE DISPATCH FOUNDED 1885.

THREAT TO SEND NEGRO CENSUS MEN TO SOUTH

Congressmen, in Arms Over Report, Call on President to Keep Blacks Out.

DURAND VERY COOL TO VIRGINIA DELEGATION

Calmly Informed Martin and Hay That Republican Referees Would Dictate, and That No Democrats Need Apply—Situation Causes Big Stir in Washington.

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 4.—Concerned over what they consider a possibility that negroes will be sent into the homes of white residents of the South as enumerators to gather information for the tenth census, the Republican members of Congress will appeal to President Taft to give instructions that only white enumerators be employed in districts South of Mason and Dixon's line. Representatives of the Southern States in Congress say they hope to prevent the employment of negroes unless the President interposes.

Experience of Virginia.
Reports of the experience of the Virginia delegation in seeking a portion of the census patronage from that State have disturbed the southern representatives. Senator Martin and Representative Hay, of Virginia, it is said, were informed by Director Durand that the recommendations of the Republican referees in the Southern States would govern, wherever possible, in the assignment of supervisors to the census. The supervisors will select the enumerators, and it is declared by Southern Congressmen that they should be instructed not to employ negroes, except for the sections where none but negroes reside.

President's Position.
As passed by the House, the census bill provided that the enumerators be appointed by the President. The usual requirement that the appointments be contingent upon the advice and consent of the Senate was omitted. An amendment was adopted in the Senate which would require the President to consult the Senate before appointing negroes. When the bill was considered in conference the President is reported to have told some of the members that if the Senate provision was eliminated he would see to it himself that the provision requiring the appointments be contingent upon the advice and consent of the Senate would be employed. Senator Tamm, after he had called at the White House, and he says he understood the President to give him the same assurance. The Florida Senator then voted in conference to strike out the provision requiring the appointments be contingent upon the advice and consent of the Senate, but in spite of the fact that a majority of the conferees of the Senate, which originated the amendment, voted to strike out the provision, the House conferees and a minority of the Senate conferees declined to abandon it.

Pay Political Debts.
Some of the Senators declare it was their understanding that census enumerators in the Southern States should be appointed on the basis of the Republican and Democratic parties. They say it is in the interest of the party which disturbs them, but the fear that the Republican referees will "pay political debts" through the appointment of negroes. Thus far in the administration of President Taft all the Republican patronage referees in the Southern States have been white, but the condition of the provision requiring the appointments be contingent upon the advice and consent of the Senate is largely under obligations to negro leaders for the prominent positions they hold in Republican councils.

Appeal to White House.
All these conditions tend to occasion concern in the White House, and the administration of the home cannot be denied to enumerators, white or black, who hold the government commissions to gather statistics, serves to aggravate the situation. It is for this reason that the minority in Congress has decided to appeal to the President.

COUPLE IN FLAMES

Man and Woman Set Afire When Automobile Exploded.

NEW YORK, July 4.—A young woman was instantly killed and another was seriously injured in automobile accidents on Long Island to-day.

Miss Gladys Young, a governess in the family of Fred B. Pratt, Jr., president of the Pratt Institute, was pinned beneath the wreckage of a small electric runabout, and her neck was broken.

Andrew McWilliams, of Staten Island, ran into one Brooklyn trolley car while trying to dodge another, and, with his companion, Miss Mae Smith, of Jersey City, was hurled to the street, a mass of flames, which the gas from the exploded automobile fanned, rolled them in blankets. It is feared that Miss Smith will not recover. McWilliams was seriously burned.

AUTO TURNED SOMERSAULT

Tumbled Into Ditch, One Man Dead.

CONNELLSVILLE, Pa., July 4.—One man was killed, two were injured and two had narrow escapes when an automobile descending a steep embankment near here to-day turned a somersault into a ditch. The dead man is Thomas Jock, thirty-five, neck broken.

Two other men, Henry Bernice, head cut, bruised, and John Biel, arm cut, bruised and sprained.

Barber Killed by Negro.
MEMPHIS, Tenn., July 4.—A negro barber was shot and killed to-day by Henry Nightengale, colored, a former employee. The shooting was the result of Nightengale's refusal to let a white man use a pair of trousers for his employer. Nightengale claims self-defense.

DEATH ROLL BEGINS

Independence Day Celebration Already Claiming Many Victims.

NEW YORK, July 4.—The first case of death by tetanus was recorded to-night, and although the noisy Fourth of July celebration does not begin until to-morrow, the list of minor injuries is growing hourly. Every precaution has been taken by the board of health to deal with the long list of casualties that always follows a Fourth of July. Last year, the board of health reported that 1,000 persons were seriously injured, and hundreds more hurt, of whom ten ultimately lost their eyesight. Twelve distributors of anti-toxin have been appointed, and all the hospitals have laid in extra supplies. The first victim was a ten-year-old boy, who was shot in the hand with a toy pistol.

The thermometer at 7 o'clock this morning registered 58 degrees, the lowest mark for the Fourth of July recorded since 1871. The Bureau was established here in 1871.

Cannon Exploded.
ALBANY, N. Y., July 4.—Chief of Police Hyatt has issued orders for the Fourth of July celebration prohibiting the sale of explosives of extraordinary power. Through the imprudence of a cannon, Thomas McQuade was badly burned about the face, arms and hands.

Thumb Torn to Pieces.
POUGHKEEPSIE, N. Y., July 4.—Louis Santo, aged nine years, had his thumb torn to shreds to-day when a dynamite firecracker exploded in his hand.

One Dead; Many Injured.
ST. LOUIS, Mo., July 4.—One person dead, five fatally and thirty seriously injured, and close to 100 hurt, this is the Independence Day record for St. Louis up until to-night. The more serious accidents were due to stray bullets or explosions of gas-pipe cannons.

Not a Cracker Cracked.
CLEVELAND, O., July 4.—To such an extent did the "same Fourth" idea prevail here that up to a late hour to-night no casualties had been reported. The city's restrictions against the use of explosive fireworks were rigidly enforced, and not a firecracker was set off all day. To-morrow 10,000 children will parade the streets in a "same Fourth" demonstration.

Building Burned; Man Dead.
CINCINNATI, O., July 4.—A skyscraper went through an open window in the daybreak of a live stable building, the building was burned and Ray Konstrom, twenty years old, who was sleeping on the second floor, was suffocated.

Four Men Drowned.
DETROIT, MICH., July 4.—The drowning of four men in a fishing excursion to a sad end near Gibraltar, on the Detroit River to-day. With two other men, the four victims put out into the river in a small gasoline launch, and when in the middle of the river the launch attempted to change places in the boat, overturning it. Two swam ashore. The others sank.

Little Girl Killed.
NEW YORK, July 4.—To-day's total of deaths recorded in the city celebration of the Independence Day brought to three to-night by the death of a small girl, four years old, who was knocked down by the discharge of a heavily loaded toy cannon, fracturing her skull, and the shooting of an Italian laborer, who was struck down at his bedside by a stray bullet.

THE FOURTH IN CUBA

President Reviews Army Bands Playing American Anthem.

HAVANA, July 4.—The feature of the celebration of the Fourth of July in Cuba was the presentation at Camp Columbia to the newly organized Cuban army of standards of colors, purchased by popular subscription by the American colony in Cuba, under the auspices of the Havana Post. The ceremony was presided over by the American consul, and a great concourse of spectators.

The presentation address was made by Albert Wright, president of the American Club. Major-General Pino Guerra, the commander-in-chief of the army, responded. The presentation of the standards of colors, purchased by popular subscription by the American colony in Cuba, under the auspices of the Havana Post. The ceremony was presided over by the American consul, and a great concourse of spectators.

The ceremony was preceded by a breakfast at the yacht club at which the American minister, Edwin T. Morgan, was the guest of honor.

Celebration at Copenhagen.
COPENHAGEN, July 4.—The Danish-American Association, the members of which are American citizens, arranged an elaborate celebration of the Fourth of July at the National Exposition at Copenhagen, and it was carried out with great success to-day. Features of the celebrations were addresses by the American minister, Dr. Maurice F. Egan, and the Danish minister at Washington, Count Frederiksen, and the Danish prince, Christian, and the Crown Prince representing King Frederick and delivering a short address.

All members of the American legation, Premier Neergaard and many of the government officials attended. The exposition grounds were crowded with not fewer than 40,000 people.

At Brussels.
BRUSSELS, July 4.—The American colony here celebrated the Fourth of July with enthusiasm. The reception at the embassy was largely attended.

Bolivia's Tribute.
LA PAZ, BOLIVIA, July 4.—The newspapers here publish special laudatory articles on American Independence Day. There were many visitors at the reception held at the American legation.

Men to Have Days of Rest.
MARSEILLES, July 4.—The seamen's strike ended to-day, the arbitrator appointed by the Minister of Marine having found in favor of the men's demand for a weekly rest-day. The crew of the German ship, which yesterday quit the ship, returned to-day, and the vessel sailed for New York.

Auto Jumps From Bridge Into Marsh.
LAKE ARTHUR, LA., July 4.—Henry Holbrook, of Midland, La., and Miss Beneda, of New Orleans, were severely injured when their automobile plunged from a bridge into the marsh near here to-day.

The Times-Dispatch

WHOLE NUMBER 17,942

SHIPS CRASH IN FOG; ONE SINKS

Terrible Disaster Narrowly Averted in Collision of Steamer off Dungeness.

HUNDREDS FACE DEATH BUT ALL ARE SAVED

Great Hole Torn in Side of British Vessel by French Liner. Tugs Hurry to Rescue and Three Hundred Passengers Are Taken Off.

DOVER, ENGL., July 4.—The British steamer Whakatane, running to New Zealand, was towed here to-day in a sinking condition and beached. The ship was in collision off Dungeness in a fog with the French steamer Circe. The latter was damaged, but was able to proceed on her voyage to Rotterdam. No lives were lost.

The Whakatane had 300 persons aboard, passengers and crew. She also carried a large number of valuable horses.

It was an exceedingly narrow escape from a terrible disaster. Immediately after the vessels struck, the Circe, with the help of another steamer, took the Whakatane in tow, but the hawsers broke. The Circe then steamed to Dover for assistance.

Several tugs put out and proceeded to the scene of the collision. One of them was lashed to the Whakatane's side and the pumps were kept at work drawing water from the hold that were almost full.

When the liner arrived here she presented an extraordinary appearance with her stern lying on her side. Six salvage tugs and other vessels were lending assistance in the difficult operation of towing the sinking ship to the beach.

The Circe had crashed into her amidships, making a great rent in her side.

PATRIOTIC BUNCOMBE

Bishop Annals A. R. Colonial Dames, Cincinnati, and "Ad Plintum."

NEW YORK, July 4.—For the most part organized for mutual aid, the patriotic buncombe, such as teaching kindergartens of foreign children to go through a drill, and singing the "Star Spangled Banner"—this was the way the Right Rev. Charles D. Williams, D. D., Bishop of the Episcopal Diocese of Cincinnati, the Society of the Cincinnati, and "ad Plintum," as he expressed it.

The bishop made these remarks in a sermon at St. Bartholomew's Episcopal Church, in which he rebuked the American people for what he termed their false patriotism.

"We affect democratic simplicity and aristocratic pride in a democratic descent," the bishop said, "but, on the other hand, we organize societies such as I have named for just the opposite purpose."

While making a great show of patriotism, the bishop continued, the people of the United States refuse to take the least interest in the education of their children. They would not "soil their dainty fingers with dirty politics," even in the effort to make them clean, he declared.

While making a great show of patriotism, the bishop continued, the people of the United States refuse to take the least interest in the education of their children. They would not "soil their dainty fingers with dirty politics," even in the effort to make them clean, he declared.

NO PEACE FOR MESSINA

Seven Earthquakes in Twenty-Four Hours Keep Population Excited.

MESSINA, July 4.—Seven earthquakes, which occurred during the last twenty-four hours, have kept the population in a state of alarm. A fire broke out in the wreckage, and while the troops were trying to extinguish the flames another fire started a Mizzio, a suburb of the city. It was feared that this was of incendiary origin, as a protest against the failure of the authorities to have the wooden houses destroyed. A large crowd was dispatched to that place, and the fire was soon under control.

"FIGHTING BOB" STIRS THEM
Impressive Scene as Admiral Evans Addresses Young Marines.

NEWPORT, R. I., July 4.—"You ought to be proud to be in a profession which requires you to die, if need be, for your country," said Rear Admiral Robley D. Evans, U. S. N., retired, as he addressed the young recruits of the United States Marine Corps, who were being trained at the Marine Barracks here to-day.

The scene was most impressive as the admiral, crippled by an old Civil War wound, leaned forward in his carriage and addressed the 1,200 boys in their spotless white uniforms drawn up on the parade ground. The entire available force of the training station turned out to receive Admiral Evans. At the conclusion of the presentation of certificates the brigade, led by their band, sang "The Star Spangled Banner."

HONOR QUICKLY SATISFIED

Cuba's Fight With Rapiers, and Each Gets a Scratch.

HAVANA, July 4.—A duel was fought to-day by Colonel Orestes Ferrera, President of the House of Representatives, and Senator Monleon, a Representative, as the outcome of sharp words which were exchanged on Friday between the two men in the House. Rapiers were used, and both Colonel Ferrera and Senator Monleon received slight injuries, whereas the third man, who acted as referee, was unscathed.

The encounter followed a challenge sent by Colonel Ferrera in consequence of alleged offensive expressions used by Senator Monleon on the floor of the House, when he accused the Speaker of lack of respect to the members of the body.

Sultan Reviews Fleet.
CONSTANTINOPLE, July 4.—The Sultan, on board the naval vessel Erthograt, to-day reviewed the Turkish fleet of eighteen warships off Haidar Pasha. This was the first spectacle of the kind ever witnessed in Turkey, and created great interest.

The Times-Dispatch

WHOLE NUMBER 17,942

TARIFF BILL MAY PASS THIS WEEK

Senate Grows Weary of Talk and Will Push Right Along Now.

ROAR FROM TOBACCO WORLD HALTS TAX

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 4.—It is confidently expected by members generally that the Senate will reach a vote on the passage of the tariff bill by the end of the present week. The bill will, much more to do, and there are many important features yet to be considered, but the measure has been before the body so long that men of all factions and of both parties are becoming tired of it, as has been made evident since the tariff bill was introduced. This subject was regarded as the culminating issue, and with it disposed of in accordance with the Finance Committee's views, the efforts of that organization seem to have lost all heart. There appears to be little more left in the opposition, and hence the prediction that the remaining propositions will receive comparatively small attention, and that the final vote is near at hand.

Income Tax Matter.
At 1 o'clock to-morrow the Senate will enroll its vote on the proposition for a constitutional amendment looking to the levying of an income tax. Senator Brown, of Nebraska, is the author of the resolution on which the vote will be taken, but the proposition is a part of the general agreement reached in reference to income and corporation taxes.

There is no doubt that the resolution will be adopted by the Senate, and it is believed that it will run the gauntlet of the conference and become law. The bill will be called upon to say whether or not they desire a Federal income tax. Twelve States can defeat the proposition.

Other matters of importance remaining to be considered in connection with the tariff bill are the drawback provisions, the customs court section, the tobacco tax, which is generally understood, will be increased; and the authorization of the valuation of a certain class of imports in accordance with American prices. Any of these questions would not be taken up until the beginning of the discussion of the bill, but it is believed that most of them will be disposed of now after little, if any, more than a day's consideration.

The House has no business before it and will again adjourn from Monday to Monday without attempting to legislate on any subject.

Committee Stands Pat.
Notwithstanding the fact that the section of the tariff bill providing for the establishment of a customs court has been singlehandedly carried in the House, the committee on Finance to-day agreed to stand upon the provision as originally reported.

It has been charged by opponents of the new court that its personnel has been agreed upon already. This was denied to-day by Senator Aldrich, chairman of the committee, who said that he knew President Taft will select the best men who can be found to fill these places if the new court is created.

The charge that the creation of a new court to consider customs cases would be a reflection upon the judiciary which has been made by the press, and which was denied to-day by Mr. Aldrich. Discussing this criticism, as well as others connected with the proposed court, Mr. Aldrich said that customs cases inevitably raise questions of a technical character, and that they should be tried before men who possess a full knowledge of the tariff laws and the methods resorted to for the evasion of these laws.

President Wants Court.
President Taft is in sympathy with the effort to establish a court competent to deal with all phases of customs litigation, according to the chairman of the Finance Committee, Mr. Aldrich said. He also said that the establishment of the court comes from attorneys who receive \$1,000,000 a year in New York City alone, because of court rulings inconsistent with the intent of the tariff law.

All honest importers and all other persons who desire to have the tariff law impartially applied, said Mr. Aldrich, favor the establishment of the court.

Complicated problems connected with ascertaining values of foreign goods imported to the United States, when there is no market in the place of manufacture by which the value may be determined, were considered at to-day's meeting of the Finance Committee. As a result, amendments will be offered to section 11 of the tariff bill, which relates to this question.

As originally reported, provision was made for the fixing of values on the basis of the recognized market prices of the United States. Two classes of importations were taken into consideration—goods sent to this country on consignment, and goods sold outright to the American importer. In the past complaint has been made that foreign goods were brought into unfair competition with American manufacturers through the process of under-valuation. Section 11 of the tariff bill is designed to prevent under-valuation.

Contention Admitted.
In fixing the valuation of such imports the Senate amendment provided that the wholesale price of similar goods in the markets of the United States should be assumed to be the value of the foreign goods after allowances had been made for the cost of transportation.

(Continued on Page Two, Column 3)

EARLY, IN NORTH, FREE ONCE MORE

Shunned in Washington, Suspected Leper Finds Ready Sympathy in New York.

ROAMS HOSPITAL AND CHATS WITH PATIENTS

North Carolinian's Wife Follows Him to Metropolis and Will Try to Secure Work to Support Them Both—Dr. Bulkley to Make Study of One.

NEW YORK, July 4.—After an all-night ride, virtually a prisoner in a baggage car attached to a fast Pennsylvania Railroad train between Washington and New York, John R. Early, the North Carolinian, whose detention as a leper in an isolated camp at Washington stirred up such a controversy among medical men, arrived in New York this morning and is now a patient of the New York Skin and Cancer Hospital, where his case will be thoroughly investigated.

Wife Is With Him.
Early was accompanied on the trip by a friend and by Captain Seavers, of the Salvaterra Army Industrial Bureau, in Washington. Arriving at the institution here, he was ostensibly confined to a ward, but in reality he was allowed to roam over practically the entire building, spending the day conversing with patients in other wards.

The superintendent of the hospital, who is a woman, says that in her opinion there is absolutely nothing in the matter with Early, but in the absence of Dr. L. Duncan Bulkley, the head of the institution, who is on a vacation, she was unable to state what disposition would be made of the new inmate.

Early reached New York on a later train to-day and will endeavor to obtain work.

Will Study Case.
It was largely through Dr. Bulkley's efforts that Early was brought here for treatment. The physician interested himself in the case, visited Early in Washington several times, and obtained permission from the New York health authorities to bring him to this city. There has been a wide variance of opinion as to the former soldier's ailment. Many physicians do not believe that he has leprosy. At any rate, Dr. Bulkley will make a scientific study of the case and give what relief he can to the unfortunate man.

FIGHT NEAR TEHRAN

Revolutionists Put to Rout, With Twenty of Number Killed.

TEHRAN, PERSIA, July 4.—A skirmish has occurred at Shahabad, sixteen miles to the northwest of Tehran, in which revolutionists were defeated by the government forces. Twenty of the revolutionists were killed, while the Cossacks lost one officer and three men.

It is reported that Saradarsad's forces, the Bakhtiars, intend to join the revolutionists under Siphar.

ST. PETERSBURG, July 4.—A dispatch from Tehran states that the British and Russian representatives have warned Saradarsad and Siphar, the leaders of the revolution, that if they further advance they will certainly entail foreign intervention.

HURLED FROM AUTOMOBILE

Millionaire Real Estate Dealer Probably Fatally Injured in Accident.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., July 4.—Hurled from a big automobile against a tree by the woods at Port Republic, ten miles north of here last night, Benjamin B. Wood, of Eighty-third Street and Broadway, New York, a deputy sheriff and millionaire real estate dealer, was so badly injured that he is not expected to live. Miss Estelle Hurler, of Seventy-third and Broadway, who was one of the party, received internal injuries; M. A. Haas, of the same address, was out about the face, and a chauffeur, whose name is Guy, suffered a broken leg. Near Reids, a New York, another member of the party, escaped with bruises. The accident was caused by the breaking of the steering gear. The automobile was traveling at a rapid pace, and as the gear snapped it swerved and crashed into the woods through which the party was passing.

BEAT BOY OVER HEAD
Child Was Bathing When Man Attacked Him With Stick.

OCALA, FLA., July 4.—John T. Lewis, Jr., the young son of John T. Lewis, State Inspector of Convicts, was seriously injured when he was struck over the head with a heavy baton by Arthur Hull, who is charged, attacked the lad with a heavy baton of wood, beating him over the head. Lewis was rescued by friends and brought to Ocala, where an operation was performed in an effort to save his life. Hull has not yet been arrested. The cause of the difficulty is not known. Young Lewis's condition is said to be critical.

LEON SAILED AWAY
Said to Have Embarked in Tramp Steamer After Murder.

NEW YORK, July 4.—Word reached New York to-night through the Philadelphia police that evidence had been found in that city tending to show that Leon Ling, the Chinese accused of the murder of Miss Sigel, sailed from Philadelphia on a tramp steamer on June 10. This is one day after the murder is supposed to have been committed. It is understood that the police have given instructions to have the vessel searched at the port of destination.

The Times-Dispatch

WHOLE NUMBER 17,942

DUEL IN EARLY MORN

Men, Passing on Road, Said "Howdy," and Began Shooting.

AMERICUS, GA., July 4.—John Finch, a well-known planter, and Jesse L. Chambers, formerly a county commissioner, were principals in a duel in the dark hours of early morning ten miles from this place. As a result, Finch has two pistol-bullet wounds. Chambers stated to officers here to-day that he was driving in a buggy toward his home, when he met Finch, who was also in a buggy, loaded in the opposite direction. Without knowing who was the occupant of the other buggy, Chambers spoke. He saw the other man raise a shotgun as if to fire, and, anticipating trouble, drew his pistol and blazed away. One bullet cut through Finch's fingers as they gripped the trigger of his weapon, and another plowed into his thigh.

Finch finally fired, but the load of shot struck Chambers's horse, and the animal, maddened by pain, ran away, abruptly ending the unusual duel.

REHEARSES ON GALLOWES

Hangman Promises to Break Neck, "Clean as a Whistle."

NEW ORLEANS, LA., July 4.—H. M. Johnston, a professional executioner, who has officiated at more than a score of legal hangings in Louisiana and Mississippi in the last ten years, yesterday officially tested at Hahnville the gallows on which, July 12, is to be hanged Leonardo Gobbia, the Italian Black Hand with the knife, who murdered little Walter Lamana last year. Johnston gave a rehearsal with Gobbia, who fears that he will experience excruciating pain.

"Gobbia is as thin as a snake that has just shed its skin," said the hangman on returning to this city. "There will be no trouble in breaking his neck as clean as a whistle, and if he obeys my instructions and stands where I place him the man will not feel the slightest pain."

DECLINES A KNIGHTHOOD

"I Don't Go In for That Sort of Thing," Says J. M. Barrie.

LONDON, July 4.—J. M. Barrie's modesty and shrinking from personal publicity are such well-known traits of his character that it will hardly surprise his friends to learn that he has refused a knighthood.

When the recently announced royal birthday honors were being arranged, the author of "Peter Pan" was set down for knighthood. Barrie, who is a friend of Kipling's, might have been expected to accept the honor, but the man "who wouldn't have them make a knight of me," but he merely declined the proffered honor politely, but firmly.

"I don't go in for that sort of thing," was the way in which he dismissed the matter.

There are unkind persons who say that the distinction was offered to Barrie only after Barrie had refused it, but there are several good reasons for the latter statement. Among them the fact that the author of "The Second Mrs. Tanqueray" was slated for a knighthood at last year's royal birthday honors, but the nomination did not go through.

CAPTURED BY PIRATES

America Spirited Away and Ships Are in Pursuit.

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 4.—Information received at the State Department to-day through the British embassy here says that the commander of the British ship Morlin, has telegraphed the Foreign Office at London, from Sandakan, North Borneo, E. I., that a vessel, which was sailing along the coast of that territory, was captured by pirates. The vessel was carrying an American citizen who was captured by pirates.

The British vessel is working in cooperation with an American ship, and will endeavor to further action becomes necessary.

STUYVESANT DEAD

Brother of Ambassador White's Wife Expires Suddenly in Paris.

PARIS, July 4.—Rutherford Stuyvesant, brother of the late Henry White, wife of the American ambassador, died suddenly this afternoon. He went for his customary morning walk in the Champ Elysees, where he was found by physicians, that he was suffering from an acute attack of angina pectoris. He died within a few hours.

As a consequence of the death of Mr. Stuyvesant, the Fourth of July celebration which was to be held at the American embassy to-morrow has been canceled.

Mr. Stuyvesant was sixty-nine years of age. He was a director of the Metropolitan Museum of Art, and was a member of many yacht and other clubs.

FIGHT OVER CHILD

Entire Family Gave Arrested in Alabama Kidnapping Case.

MONTGOMERY, ALA., July 4.—The entire family of a man arrested in connection with the kidnapping of a child, were arrested to-day. The man, whose name is Guy, was arrested on Saturday night for kidnapping while fleeing in an automobile with the child, who was being taken to the State of Tennessee. The man was arrested, and Annett himself was taken into custody, accused by Mrs. Annett of threatening her and the child. All the prisoners gave bond.

JOHN GOODE VERY ILL
Famous Virginian Said to Be in Critical Condition.

NORFOLK, VA., July 4.—John Goode, for half a century one of Virginia's most prominent men, is in a critical condition, and is expected to die. He is suffering from a stroke of paralysis he suffered recently.

Judge Goode is eighty years old, and although his physician stated to-night that he is holding his own, there are grave fears for his recovery.

U. W. Gets Early Start.
NEW ORLEANS, LA., July 4.—A report that the boll weevil in its flight eastward has reached Pike county, Miss., and that several specimens were found near Magnolia, that State, is contained in the Playmate's weekly summary of cotton crop conditions in Mississippi and Louisiana. The pest appears to have gained an early start this season in the infested territory, and cases are cited where planters are abandoning weevil-ridden cotton and plowing up the land.

Country Flooded.
WINNIPEG, MAN., July 4.—Six hundred feet of Canadian Pacific Railway track was washed away to-night west of Swift Current, holding up all trains for several hours. The rain came down in torrents. The little Saskatchewan River is overflowing its banks, flooding the country. People are using boats in the main streets. At least one man was drowned.

The Times-Dispatch

WHOLE NUMBER 17,942

CAPITAL ROUTE FAILS WITHOUT VIRGINIA LINK

Great Highway Goes by Valley Unless Washington Road Is Improved.

HELP PROMISED BY CITIZENS ALONG WAY

Times-Dispatch-Washington Post Scout Cars Leave To-Morrow, County Officials in Meanwhile Beginning Work on Roads—Great Interest in Movement.

Supervisor Begins Work.

In order to show his interest in the Times-Dispatch-Washington Post scout car movement, J. L. Saunders, Supervisor of Roads of Hanover county and president of the Virginia Supervisors, has given orders to have the road on the southside of Ground Squirrel Bridge put in excellent order by Wednesday, when the good roads cars will pass over the route.

Mr. Saunders has set an example for other supervisors by his alertness and by his desire to do his section and the public generally a service. "You can feel sure that the cars will find a good road between Ground Squirrel Bridge and Glen Allen when they come through on Wednesday," was the message sent by Mr. Saunders to the Times-Dispatch last night.

FOR THE PURPOSE OF LOCATING THE BEST ROUTE BETWEEN WASHINGTON AND RICHMOND AS NECESSARY LINK IN THE GREAT INTERSECTION HIGHWAY BETWEEN NEW YORK AND ATLANTA, BUT MORE ESPECIALLY TO ENCOURAGE THE BUILDING OF GOOD ROADS IN VIRGINIA, THE TIMES-DISPATCH-WASHINGTON POST SCOUT CARS WILL LEAVE THE NATIONAL CAPITAL AT 8 O'CLOCK TO-MORROW MORNING ON THE TWO-DAY RUN TO RICHMOND. TWO ROUTES HAVE ALREADY BEEN EXPLORED, NEITHER OF WHICH CAME UP TO THE HIGH STANDARD REQUIRED, AND THIS WEEK THE SCOUTS WILL JUMP INTO NEW GROUND WITH BETTER HOPE OF SUCCESS.

Unless the Highway from here to Washington is put into more passable shape there is little chance of swinging the New York-Atlanta endurance run by way of the capital to-day.

THE SCOUTS WILL LEAVE THE NATIONAL CAPITAL AT 8 O'CLOCK TO-MORROW MORNING ON THE TWO-DAY RUN TO RICHMOND. TWO ROUTES HAVE ALREADY BEEN EXPLORED, NEITHER OF WHICH CAME UP TO THE HIGH STANDARD REQUIRED, AND THIS WEEK THE SCOUTS WILL JUMP INTO NEW GROUND WITH BETTER HOPE OF SUCCESS.

THE SCOUTS WILL LEAVE THE NATIONAL CAPITAL AT 8 O'CLOCK TO-MORROW MORNING ON THE TWO-DAY RUN TO RICHMOND. TWO ROUTES HAVE ALREADY BEEN EXPLORED, NEITHER OF WHICH CAME UP TO THE HIGH STANDARD REQUIRED, AND THIS WEEK THE SCOUTS WILL JUMP INTO NEW GROUND WITH BETTER HOPE OF SUCCESS.

THE SCOUTS WILL LEAVE THE NATIONAL CAPITAL AT 8 O'CLOCK TO-MORROW MORNING ON THE TWO-DAY RUN TO RICHMOND. TWO ROUTES HAVE ALREADY BEEN EXPLORED, NEITHER OF WHICH CAME UP TO THE HIGH STANDARD REQUIRED, AND THIS WEEK THE SCOUTS WILL JUMP INTO NEW GROUND WITH BETTER HOPE OF SUCCESS.

THE SCOUTS WILL LEAVE THE NATIONAL CAPITAL AT 8 O'CLOCK TO-MORROW MORNING ON THE TWO-DAY RUN TO RICHMOND. TWO ROUTES HAVE ALREADY BEEN EXPLORED, NEITHER OF WHICH CAME UP TO THE HIGH STANDARD REQUIRED, AND THIS WEEK THE SCOUTS WILL JUMP INTO NEW GROUND WITH BETTER HOPE OF SUCCESS.

THE SCOUTS WILL LEAVE THE NATIONAL CAPITAL AT 8 O'CLOCK TO-MORROW MORNING ON THE TWO-DAY RUN TO RICHMOND. TWO ROUTES HAVE ALREADY BEEN EXPLORED, NEITHER OF WHICH CAME UP TO THE HIGH STANDARD REQUIRED, AND THIS WEEK THE SCOUTS WILL JUMP INTO NEW GROUND WITH BETTER HOPE OF SUCCESS.

THE SCOUTS WILL LEAVE THE NATIONAL CAPITAL AT 8 O'CLOCK TO-MORROW MORNING ON THE TWO-DAY RUN TO RICHMOND. TWO ROUTES HAVE ALREADY BEEN EXPLORED, NEITHER OF WHICH CAME UP TO THE HIGH STANDARD REQUIRED, AND THIS WEEK THE SCOUTS WILL JUMP INTO NEW GROUND WITH BETTER HOPE OF SUCCESS.

THE SCOUTS WILL LEAVE THE NATIONAL CAPITAL AT 8 O'CLOCK TO-MORROW MORNING ON THE TWO-DAY RUN TO RICHMOND. TWO ROUTES HAVE ALREADY BEEN EXPLORED, NEITHER OF WHICH CAME UP TO THE HIGH STANDARD REQUIRED, AND THIS WEEK THE SCOUTS WILL JUMP INTO NEW GROUND WITH BETTER HOPE OF SUCCESS.

THE SCOUTS WILL LEAVE THE NATIONAL CAPITAL AT 8 O'CLOCK TO-MORROW MORNING ON THE TWO-DAY RUN TO RICHMOND. TWO ROUTES HAVE ALREADY BEEN EXPLORED, NEITHER OF WHICH CAME UP TO THE HIGH STANDARD REQUIRED, AND THIS WEEK THE SCOUTS WILL JUMP INTO NEW GROUND WITH BETTER HOPE OF SUCCESS.

THE SCOUTS WILL LEAVE THE NATIONAL CAPITAL AT 8 O'CLOCK TO-MORROW MORNING ON THE TWO-DAY RUN TO RICHMOND. TWO ROUTES HAVE ALREADY BEEN EXPLORED, NEITHER OF WHICH CAME UP TO THE HIGH STANDARD REQUIRED, AND THIS WEEK THE SCOUTS WILL JUMP INTO NEW GROUND WITH BETTER HOPE OF SUCCESS.

THE SCOUTS WILL LEAVE THE NATIONAL CAPITAL AT 8 O'CLOCK TO-MORROW MORNING ON THE TWO-DAY RUN TO RICHMOND. TWO ROUTES HAVE ALREADY BEEN EXPLORED, NEITHER OF WHICH CAME UP TO THE HIGH STANDARD REQUIRED, AND THIS WEEK THE SCOUTS WILL JUMP INTO NEW GROUND WITH BETTER HOPE OF SUCCESS.

THE SCOUTS WILL LEAVE THE NATIONAL CAPITAL AT 8 O'CLOCK TO-MORROW MORNING ON THE TWO-DAY RUN TO RICHMOND. TWO ROUTES HAVE ALREADY BEEN EXPLORED, NEITHER OF WHICH CAME UP TO THE HIGH STANDARD REQUIRED, AND THIS WEEK THE SCOUTS WILL JUMP INTO NEW GROUND WITH BETTER HOPE OF SUCCESS.

THE SCOUTS WILL LEAVE THE NATIONAL CAPITAL AT 8 O'CLOCK TO-MORROW MORNING ON THE TWO-DAY RUN TO RICHMOND. TWO ROUTES HAVE ALREADY BEEN EXPLORED, NEITHER OF WHICH CAME UP TO THE HIGH STANDARD REQUIRED, AND THIS WEEK THE SCOUTS WILL JUMP INTO NEW GROUND WITH BETTER HOPE OF SUCCESS.

THE SCOUTS WILL LEAVE THE NATIONAL CAPITAL AT 8 O'CLOCK TO-MORROW MORNING ON THE TWO-DAY RUN TO RICHMOND. TWO ROUTES HAVE ALREADY BEEN EXPLORED, NEITHER OF WHICH CAME UP TO THE HIGH STANDARD REQUIRED, AND THIS WEEK THE SCOUTS WILL JUMP INTO NEW GROUND WITH BETTER HOPE OF SUCCESS.

THE SCOUTS WILL LEAVE THE NATIONAL CAPITAL AT 8 O'CLOCK TO-MORROW MORNING ON THE TWO-DAY RUN TO RICHMOND. TWO ROUTES HAVE ALREADY BEEN EXPLORED, NEITHER OF WHICH CAME UP TO THE HIGH STANDARD REQUIRED, AND THIS WEEK THE SCOUTS WILL JUMP INTO NEW GROUND WITH BETTER HOPE OF SUCCESS.

THE SCOUTS WILL LEAVE THE NATIONAL CAPITAL AT 8 O'CLOCK TO-MORROW MORNING ON THE TWO-DAY RUN TO RICHMOND. TWO ROUTES HAVE ALREADY BEEN EXPLORED, NEITHER OF WHICH CAME UP TO THE HIGH STANDARD REQUIRED, AND THIS WEEK THE SCOUTS WILL JUMP INTO NEW GROUND WITH BETTER HOPE OF SUCCESS.

THE SCOUTS WILL LEAVE THE NATIONAL CAPITAL AT 8 O'CLOCK TO-MORROW MORNING ON THE TWO-DAY RUN TO RICHMOND. TWO ROUTES HAVE ALREADY BEEN EXPLORED, NEITHER OF WHICH CAME UP TO THE HIGH STANDARD REQUIRED, AND THIS WEEK THE SCOUTS WILL JUMP INTO NEW GROUND WITH BETTER HOPE OF SUCCESS.</